

Table 13 is a record by months since 1925 and shows that the greatest time losses usually occur in the spring and summer months. The year 1930 was an exception, in that the greatest number of strikes originated in September and the largest time loss in February, followed closely by September and November. This large time loss was due to a strike of 500 fishermen at North Sydney in November, and to one of 1,300 coal miners at New Aberdeen in November. During September 1,400 coal miners at Springhill, N.S., were on strike for over a week, and 260 coal miners at River Hebert for two weeks, as well as 170 plasterers at Montreal for over a week. In February much time loss was incurred through disputes involving 950 coal miners at Glace Bay for a day and 1,800 women's clothing workers at Toronto, out for 7 days during February.

13.—Monthly Record of Strikes and Lockouts, 1925-1930.

Month.	Disputes in Existence.						Number of Employees Involved.					
	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.
Jan.....	12	9	4	8	7	5	1,331	823	170	444	794	2,160
Feb.....	13	10	6	8	6	6	3,066	2,090	350	899	1,218	2,959
Mar.....	14	15	7	11	14	4	21,891	1,032	503	1,095	1,508	1,508
April.....	14	14	11	15	13	11	12,156	924	1,980	1,823	2,369	386
May.....	17	12	18	18	24	12	13,746	4,018	5,731	3,385	5,106	1,836
June.....	22	11	15	20	17	10	14,871	3,214	2,081	4,027	803	1,190
July.....	18	15	11	19	8	6	13,458	10,924	3,342	3,333	370	195
Aug.....	16	10	10	20	9	3	13,430	4,326	6,194	4,582	957	66
Sept.....	11	9	8	11	10	12	1,297	2,827	2,016	533	1,123	2,990
Oct.....	8	8	17	15	9	10	705	2,544	3,623	1,930	847	2,240
Nov.....	11	8	11	16	7	6	4,345	1,133	1,633	1,440	738	2,000
Dec.....	7	4	9	11	6	8	1,802	198	301	277	1,684	723
<b>Totals<sup>1</sup>.....</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>77</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>28,849</b>	<b>23,834</b>	<b>22,299</b>	<b>17,581</b>	<b>12,946</b>	<b>13,763</b>

Month.	Time Loss in Working Days.					
	1925.	1926.	1927.	1928.	1929.	1930.
Jan.....	4,115	8,321	1,255	5,229	8,319	7,254
Feb.....	24,061	13,296	4,780	3,143	21,760	14,360
Mar.....	158,558	12,651	6,205	6,476	3,723	7,049
April.....	195,536	8,551	13,012	20,907	24,288	3,616
May.....	191,359	48,497	27,257	34,733	39,152	9,293
June.....	211,863	33,589	14,430	24,901	6,231	4,007
July.....	211,513	50,710	12,187	21,380	1,279	2,152
Aug.....	97,679	25,350	13,205	30,974	2,417	529
Sept.....	24,411	18,001	10,700	10,285	11,645	13,138
Oct.....	8,354	33,294	35,415	30,481	7,858	9,931
Nov.....	38,397	13,533	10,858	20,988	12,529	11,807
Dec.....	24,395	805	3,236	14,765	12,879	8,661
<b>Totals.....</b>	<b>1,193,281</b>	<b>266,601</b>	<b>152,570</b>	<b>221,212</b>	<b>152,066</b>	<b>81,797</b>

<sup>1</sup>These totals relate only to the actual number of disputes in existence or the employees involved during the year and are not a summation of the monthly figures.

Table 14 is a record of industrial disputes, by provinces, for the years 1929 and 1930. In 1929 the chief time loss was in Ontario, where strikes of some magnitude occurred among pulpwood cutters in the vicinity of Port Arthur, and among cotton factory employees and steel car riveters at Hamilton, and painters, plumbers and plasterers at Toronto. In 1930, the chief time loss was in Nova Scotia, Quebec, and Ontario, due to disputes involving fishermen in Cape Breton Island, coal miners at Springhill, Nova Scotia, clothing factory workers in Montreal, Que., and clothing factory workers at Toronto, Ont.